UNITED KINGDOM
OCCUPANCY SURVEY

Serviced Accommodation Summary Report
June 2018
UK OCCUPANCY SURVEY

- This study has been commissioned by the National Boards of England, Northern Ireland and Scotland and by Visit Wales (part of the Welsh Government) and supported by the Department for Culture, Media and Sport.

- The results have been compiled by The Research Solution.
UK Bedspace Occupancy*
2014 - 2018

* See methodological note on slide 8
UK Bedroom Occupancy*
2014 - 2018

* See methodological note on slide 8
3,694 hotels, guesthouses and bed and breakfast establishments throughout the UK supplied data upon which the figures in this summary of results are based (see notes 2 and 3, on Slide 8 – sample sizes and calculation of rates).

Both UK bedspece and room occupancy increased in both levels of occupancy during June 2018. An increase of 1 percentage point was seen in bedspece occupancy and room occupancy went up by two percentage points when compared to the same period in 2017.
Room occupancy increased by 2 percentage points during June 2018, up from 80% to 82% when compared with the same period in 2017. Bedspace occupancy levels saw a small increase of 1 percentage point, up from 57% to 58%. Both measures of occupancy reached the highest level seen for the month of June in the period 2014-2018.

In England during June, room occupancy mirrored that of the UK as a whole, increasing by 2 percentage points with bedspace occupancy levels up by the same percentage points when compared with the same period in 2017.

Both room and bedspace occupancy levels in Northern Ireland fell marginally by 1% respectively when compared with the same period in 2017.

Room and bedspace occupancy in Wales saw an increase of 2 percentage points during June 2018. Room occupancy rose from 69% to 71% and bedspace occupancy up from 53% to 55% during this period.

Scotland room occupancy levels during June 2018 witnessed a 2 percentage point increase when compared to the same period in 2017. However, bedspace occupancy did not fare as well, falling from 65% in 2017 to 63% in 2018.

Across the UK as a whole, bedspace occupancy by non-UK residents witnessed a small increase when compared with the previous year, up by 1 percentage point from 14% in 2017 to 15% in June 2018. Northern Ireland saw an upturn in the number of non-UK residents during the month, up by 4% when compared with the previous year. (comparable figures for England and Scotland are no longer collected – (see notes 5b (changes in data collected) and 7 (methodological changes) Slide 8
Table 1: Occupancy Levels: June 2016 – 2018*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Bedspace Occupancy*</th>
<th>Room Occupancy*</th>
<th>Sample Size*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>%</td>
<td>%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>England*</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northern Ireland</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scotland</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wales</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UK*</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* See methodological note on slide 8
Notes

1. The figures in this summary are based on data available within eight weeks of the end of the month. In some cases the boards will re-run the monthly analysis later in the year to include data which was received too late for inclusion in this summary. These later figures will be used in the 2017 Annual Summary.

2. The minimum target sample size for Northern Ireland, Scotland and Wales is 200 open establishments per month while in England the target minimum sample size is 750. Larger sample sizes may be used in some areas in order to enable Boards to undertake further analysis based on geographical sub-divisions of the data.

3. In the calculation of occupancy rates for the UK, occupancy rates from each country have been weighted using the number of bedspaces known to be available in the area.

4. Occupancy rates:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bedspace occupancy</td>
<td>Percentage of available bedspaces which were occupied</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Room occupancy</td>
<td>Percentage of available rooms which were occupied</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-UK bedspace occupancy</td>
<td>Percentage of available bedspaces which were occupied by non-UK guests</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percentage of non-UK guests</td>
<td>Percentage of arrivals which were non-UK guests</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percentage of non-UK bednights</td>
<td>Percentage of occupied bedspaces which were occupied by non-UK guests</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. It should be noted that:
   (a) because of changes in the data collected, it is no longer possible to provide UK/non UK figures for Scotland and England or figures relating to arrivals for Wales.
   (b) from June 2010, English occupancy data includes additional occupancy information for the 100+ room hotel sector supplied by STR Global. Given the change in the structure of the sample, care should be taken in the interpretation of year-on-year changes.

6. Accuracy of the results: The statistical accuracy of the results depends upon the size of the sample, the variation in occupancy rates between establishments and (to a smaller extent) the size of the survey population. As the sample is self-selecting, it is not possible to calculate true statistical margins of error. However, it is likely that the results are accurate to between ± 5.9% (sample of 50) to ±1.6% (sample of 650). As there continues to be a substantial core of survey participants providing data every month, the trends which are identified by the survey are believed to reflect accurately overall trends in the use of serviced accommodation.

7. *Methodological note: From June 2017, the England Occupancy estimates are collected using a different methodology. Using this data makes the survey more robust but has caused a break in trends for England and the UK. From June 2017, the new methodology is based on the STR occupancy estimates which are continuously collected whereas prior to June 2017 the England Occupancy estimates were collected through a bespoke panel. This methodological change has affected trends. Meaningful comparison between estimates collected from June 2017 onwards and estimates collected prior to June 2017 can not be conducted for England and the UK. Data for Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland remains unaffected by the change.

8. **
Background
As part of the EU Directive on Tourism Statistics adopted in January 1995, the UK is required to submit monthly occupancy rates for hotels and similar establishments (i.e. serviced accommodation) to Eurostat, the statistical office of the European Community. The responsibility for providing this data lies with the National Tourist Boards for England, Scotland and Northern Ireland and with Visit Wales (part of the Welsh Assembly Government), each of whom is responsible for the implementation of an occupancy survey in their area, carried out according to a common specification and standard, thus ensuring the production of comparable occupancy data for the whole of the UK.

The types of accommodation included in the survey are defined as tourist accommodation which is arranged in rooms and where bed-making and cleaning services are provided. This includes:

*Hotels, motels, inns, guest houses, farm guest houses, bed and breakfast establishments*

The types specifically excluded are:

*Youth hostels and University accommodation*

This summary has been compiled by The Research Solution (UK Survey Co-ordinator for 2017) from figures supplied by (or on behalf of) the National Tourist Boards of England, Northern Ireland (working with NISRA (the Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency)), Scotland and Visit Wales (part of the Welsh Government).

Further information about the surveys in individual areas may be obtained from the relevant organisations:

VisitEngland (020 7578 1400)
Northern Ireland Tourist Board (02890 231 221)
VisitScotland (0131-472-2222)
Visit Wales (029 2047 9909)

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