

MIDAS: A Global Report Motivations, Influences, Decisions and Sustainability in a Post-Pandemic Era

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Welcome to MIDAS

A foundational insight study on international traveller motivations, influences, decision-making, accessibility and sustainability The purpose of this study is to explore the population of international leisure travellers in a post-pandemic environment in order to inform how best to inspire, convert and delight them – each of these elements driving accretive economic benefit to Britain via its tourism offering We spoke to global tourists/prospective tourists in the following markets:

Australia, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, China, Denmark, France, Germany, Hong Kong, India, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Saudi Arabia, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, South-East Asia (Malaysia, Singapore, Thailand), UAE, USA

Fieldwork took place between 18th March and 23rd April

(93% complete by end of March, 7% into April)

- Setting the Scene
- Appetite for Travel; Appetite for Britain
- European Travel Post Brexit
- Headwinds of Note
- Drivers and Motivations
- **06** Britain's Perceptions & Brand Implications
- Products & Experiences
- The Visitor Experience
- Emerging Drivers
- The Customer Journey
- Pulling it All Together

Reporting includes a full array of data-inspired 'chapters'



AGENDA

- The Current Context for Britain
- Drivers and Motivations
- Perceptions of Britain
- **Products & Experiences**
- Visiting Britain
- Emerging Drivers: Sustainability
- The Customer Journey
- Pulling It All Together



AGENDA

01 The Current Context for Britain

- Drivers and Motivations
- Perceptions of Britain
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In this chapter, we will highlight the key forces impacting inbound tourism to Britain in 2022.

Distance is not a barrier when it comes to appetite to visit Britain, with longhaul markets in the Middle East, Asia and USA showing strong demand, but also desiring pan-European breaks or holidays.

Other **destinations can be clustered** in terms of stage in the customer journey, with only a handful showing signs of being much more difficult to convert.

Recent events (Brexit, COVID and economic after-effects) have created a barrier for some and those having already visited need a much stronger reason to return given the choice available now the world has re-opened.

Italy and Spain represent strong competitors (or partners), but Switzerland, USA and Australia are also key competitors, depending on the target market.

These findings are unable to be compared directly to the prior wave of this study, due to differences in question wording and structure.

Chapter Overview

Strong appetite to visit Britain in a post-pandemic world, with solid opportunities in attracting pan-European trips from long-haul markets

Who is travelling and how have recent events shaped desire to visit Britain?

- Desire to travel abroad for leisure is high in a post-pandemic world and Britain is high on the list for global tourists, with the highest prospects lying beyond Europe.
- Whilst this is the case, there are residual impacts of both COVID-19 and Brexit that we need to be aware of and understand how they impact different prospects. For instance, we see that there is reduced consideration for travel generally amongst the 55yrs+ population generally, whilst we see a higher incidence of Brexit negativity from European markets.
- 85% of international travellers are 2 x vaccinated against COVID-19; two thirds of whom have also received a booster jab. Vaccination status and propensity to travel are highly correlated presumably driven by those most passionate about travelling again.
- The COVID-19 residue impacts prospective tourists primarily around concerns of flexibility of bookings and ease of travelling once at their destination, but personal health and safety is also now at the fore, requiring a different kind of conversation throughout the decision-making journey.
- Meanwhile, the war in Ukraine has caused additional instability. One in four consumers (24%) say it will not impact their travel, but at the time of fieldwork (March 2022), 37% indicated a reduced willingness to travel internationally, to Europe or Britain. Fortunately, the impact on the latter (Britain), sees only a 9% 'less likely to visit' impact.
- The Ukraine war seems to have impacted younger consumers most due to the disproportionate 'costs' (time and money) of global travel relative to their total disposable income.
- Finally, we see the impact of perceptions of value for money remain a core barrier for Britain, particularly in light of the imminent global recession. Fortunately, recent visitors to Britain have a significantly better impression of value for money, but this remains an Archilles Heel we need to address with relative urgency in a period of uncertainty and extremely high competition.



"Because I've been there before and there are other places I want to visit" (Brazil)

> "Brexit, they just don't want me anymore" (Germany)

"Too crowded & expensive; not worth the price" (USA)

"They don't wear masks with COVID-19" (South Korea)

Propensity to visit Britain varies by market, with the highest indicators seen in the Middle East



*Base is general population sample only; excludes boost of GB visitor; n=21,946; global weighting applied

D5: How likely is it that you will visit the following countries in the next 2 years for a holiday or short break? Please give a score between 1 and 10, where 1 would mean that you are not at all likely and 10 that you are very likely to visit that country in the next 2 years. Blue numbers are statistically higher than the average; red are statistically lower @ 95% confidence

Long-haul represents a more pan-European opportunity

Whilst Britain is our focus, we need to remain highly conscious and empathetic to the desire of long-haul travellers to combine their trip with other European destinations

This means understanding both how to competitively position Britain perceptually, but also identifying ownable and 'unmissable' products, experiences and destinations.



Most Likely Trip Type



Important note: these figures are intention only – other data pre-dating COVID suggests only 13% of international visitors combine a trip to Britain with another destination, so this shift might reflect either a new context, intention is much higher than behaviour, or both.



Developing a proxy for market prioritisation

What can we learn from mapping and clustering the markets in terms of desire to visit Britain alongside probably urgency?

Whilst all markets are a focus for Britain, tourism appetite varies significantly, both in terms of **DESIRE**/ **DEMAND** as well as **PRIORITY**/ **URGENCY**.

We are able to create proxy measures of both of these dimensions in order to help identify different priority clusters.

DESIRE/ DEMAND

A combination of % CONSIDERING Britain in the next 5 years <u>and</u> Propensity to Visit in the next 2 years.

PRIORITY/ URGENCY

A combination of % of Considerers who say they will visit Britain in the next 12 months <u>and</u> the rank order of next 12 month stated intention relative to other competitors (higher = more likely to actually visit in the next 12 months)



Mapping these two dimensions informs potential market prioritisation and these patterns are consistent at both a total and Buzzseeker level



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Value, welcoming, ability to roam and relax are key global drivers when tourists are choosing a destination to visit, but we do see important regional and cultural differences.

Middle Eastern tourists look for places which are inclusive and allow them to tick things off their 'must do' lists.

Western European visitors demand a variety of interesting people, experiences and food & beverage options and these needs seem more distinctive than drivers in the other European regions.

Visitors from the Americas seem to be full of energy – they are NOT looking for rest and relaxation, but destinations packed with loads to see and do and represent a wide range of diverse experiences in one place.

This footprint of drivers is quite similar to **Australasian tourists** who are also more dynamic in their needs and look for single destinations offering a variety of ('must see') experiences.

North-East Asian tourists are inclined to choose destinations based more around strong reputation for food and drink options but are also more drawn to vibrant places. For them, value for money is less critical in choice of destination.

Chapter Overview

Value for money leads as the key driver for destination selection in 2022, which is supported by being welcoming and a place to roam to enjoy diverse sites and experiences as well as enjoy rest & relaxation

Value for money, welcoming and freedom to explore are key global drivers of destination choice in 2022

Drivers of Influence in Selecting an Destination for an International Break/Holiday



D3. Please tell us how important each of the following considerations are in choosing a destination for an international break or holiday? (7 point-scale where 7 = 'extremely important' and 1 = 'not at all important'; Blue figures are significantly higher; Red significantly lower Base N=22,840 Weighted global

Value for money is less of a consideration for North-East Asian tourists where food, drink & vibrant places are more important

			SOUTH-EAST ASIA			
		CHINA	HONG KONG	JAPAN	SOUTH KOREA	SOUTH-EAST ASIA
DER	Offers good value for money	*	✓	×	×	✓
< ORI	Is a welcoming place to visit	*	×	✓	\checkmark	✓
6 DRIVERS IN RANK ORDER	I can roam around visiting many types of places	×	✓	✓	✓	✓
ERS	Is good for relaxing, resting, recharging	✓	✓	✓	\checkmark	✓
6 DRIV	There is beautiful coast and countryside to explore	×	×	×	✓	×
ТОР	It's easy to get around once there	*	✓	✓	✓	×
9 0	DRIVERS UNIQUE TO EACH MARKET'S TOP 6 (IN RANK ORDER)	There is a good variety of food and drink to try	There is a good variety of food and drink to try	There is a good variety of food and drink to try	There is a good variety of food and drink to try	Offers lots of different experiences in one destination
UNIQUELY IN TOP DRIVERS		Is good for seeing famous sites, places, ticking off the 'must do' list	It's easy to get to			It's easy to get to
DRIV		There are vibrant towns and cities to explore		There are vibrant towns and cities to explore		
n		Has an interesting mix of cultures from around the world				
IQUE			A good place for treating myself, e.g. premium brands, gourmet food, etc.	Has a thriving arts and contemporary culture scene	lf I don't visit soon I'd miss out	
OTHER UNIQUE SKEWS*	OTHER UNIQUE SKEWS BEYOND THE TOP 6 GLOBAL AND MARKET DRIVERS	Everything except value for money	Offers experiences I want to share on social media	A good place for treating myself, e.g. premium brands, gourmet food, etc.	Has a thriving arts and contemporary culture scene	Everything!
Ö					A good place for treating myself	

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Britain is perceived as being a place where history and heritage meet modernity and vibrancy.

It is seen as a place that offers a great deal of diversity of sites and experiences, including the key 'must see' sites, in one destination.

This perception varies significantly between short and long-haul markets, as European countries, rich in their own history, are more inclined to see Britain as offering the 'vibrant' side of the equation.

Chapter Overview

Strong and consistent perceptions of Britain lie in it being a place where history meets modernity and a range of sites and ('must-see') experiences are offered within easy access

1

2′

Perceptions of Britain post-pandemic are dominated by the combination of history and vibrancy; the old and new



Total Associating Britain with each statement

Is a place where I can explore history and heritage There are vibrant towns & cities to explore I can roam around visiting many types of places Is a mixture of old and new Is good for seeing famous sites, places, ticking off the 'must do' list It's easy to get around once there Offers a lot of different experiences in one destination Has an interesting mix of cultures from around the world Is inclusive and accessible for visitors like me Is a welcoming place to visit Is easy to get to Has a thriving arts and contemporary culture scene There is beautiful coast and countryside to explore There are interesting local people to meet It has surprising and unexpected experiences: Britain It has experiences I can't have anywhere else There is a good variety of food and drink to try Offers experiences I want to share on social media Is good to visit at any time of year A good place for treating myself, e.g. premium brands, goumet food, etc. A place recommended by friends or family Is good for relaxing, resting, recharging It offers the opportunity to travel sustainably/responsibly Offers good value for money If I don't visit soon, I'd miss out

Please indicate which destinations you associate with the following statements. You can choose as many or as few as you like for each statement or select 'none of these'

E1. Below, are some statements which may relate to destinations you might consider for a break or holiday abroad.

Perceptions of Britain in Europe/short-haul

		RANK ORDER WITHIN MARKET												
GLOBAL RANK	TOP PERCEPTIONS OF BRITAIN	AUT	BEL	NED	DEU	FRA	SWZ	POL	DNK	NOR	SWE	ITA	ESP	IRE
1	Is a place where I can explore history and heritage	3	8	6	2	5	2	6	8	9	11	2	5	5
2	There are vibrant towns & cities to explore	1	1	1	1	6	1	1	1	2	1	7	9	6
3	I can roam around visiting many types of places	7	2	2	3	3	4	10	2	6	5	4	4	3
4	Is a mixture of old and new	6	6	3	8	11	8	7	3	7	8	5	3	9
5	Is good for seeing famous sites, places, ticking off the 'must do' list	2	4	4	5	4	6	4	10	11	6	1	1	8
	An interesting mix of cultures from around the world		3					2				3	2	
	It's easy to get around once there					1				3				2
top 3, / Top 3	It's easy to get to									1	2			1
global ountry	Is inclusive and accessible for visitors like me										3			
Not in global top 3, but in country Top 3	Is good to visit any time of year					2								
<u>م</u> م	There are interesting local people to meet							3						
	Offers a lot of different experiences in one destination						3							

E1. Below, are some statements which may relate to destinations you might consider for a break or holiday abroad.

Please indicate which destinations you associate with the following statements. You can choose as many or as few as you like for each statement or select 'none of these' if you don't think it applies to any destination.; Base N=22,840; global weighting. Base sizes: AUT 654; BEL 661; NED 647; DEU 1004; FR 1003; SWZ 634; POL 663; DNK 608; NOR 619; SWE 626; ITA 1000; ESP 1001; IRE 697

Perceptions of Britain in the rest of the world/long-haul

		RANK ORDER WITHIN MARKET													
GLOBAL RANK	TOP PERCEPTIONS OF BRITAIN	AUS	NZ	CHN	HKG	JAP	KOR	IND	SEA	USA	CAN	BRA	SAU	UAE	ISR
1	Is a place where I can explore history and heritage	1	2	1	1	1	2	4	1	1	1	1	1	2	1
2	There are vibrant towns & cities to explore	6	8	5	11	4	7	7	5	2	4	12	5	5	6
3	I can roam around visiting many types of places	4	3	6	4	5	3	2	4	6	5	2	4	14	2
4	Is a mixture of old and new	2	1	4	3	3	4	9	2	4	2	5	6	1	8
5	Is good for seeing famous sites, places, ticking off the 'must do' list	3	4	2	6	6	1	3	3	3	3	4	16	3	9
	An interesting mix of cultures from around the world												2		
9 °3	It's easy to get around once there				2										
bal top ntry To _l	Has a thriving arts and contemporary culture scene					2									
Not in global top 3, but in country Top 3	Offers experiences I want to share on social media											3			3
No but	There is a good variety of food and drink to try							1							
	A good place for treating myself (e.g., premium brands, gourmet food, etc.)			3									3		

E1. Below, are some statements which may relate to destinations you might consider for a break or holiday abroad.

Please indicate which destinations you associate with the following statements. You can choose as many or as few as you like for each statement or select 'none of these' if you don't think it applies to any destination.; Base N=22,840; global weighting. Base sizes: AUS 1036; NZ 673; CHN 1003; HKG 652; JAP 1002; KOR 1002; IND 1026; SEA 1035; USA 1576; CAN 1002; BRA 1091; SAU 647; UAE 662; ISR 616



A summary of key learnings when it comes to how international tourists see Britain and the implications for how we speak to them

We observe patterns of consistency, but also variance when it comes to perceptions of Britain.

Within Europe/Short-Haul markets, there are more pockets of variation, whilst long-haul markets share more commonality in terms of core perceptions, but also require some unique areas of 'flex' when it comes to different cultures and specific markets.

SHORT-HAUL MARKETS



France & Ireland share commonalities as the two 'closest' neighbours where speaking to ease/ convenience and fringe season travel aligns with existing perceptual strengths



In **Southern Europe**, Britain stands out as a mix of old and the new; a place of cultural diversity, uniqueness and must-visit sights and places (much like themselves)



In **Norway & Sweden**, the idea of Britain as inclusive and easy access to vibrant towns and cities is most dominant



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LONG-HAUL MARKETS

Long-haul markets or 'rest of the world' see Britain more consistently as offering heritage & history, the ability to roam and explore a broad mix of 'must-do' experiences (both old & new

WITH IMPORTANT FLEXES REQUIRED IN...



Saudi & China see Britain as a place for 'premium' products, services & experiences



Food & drink variety is a strong perception held in India





How does this compare to competitors? Where are our <u>relative</u> perceptual strengths and weaknesses?

Compared to the other markets (considerers base*), Britain has no 'first place' ranks, but competes strongly on the idea of accessible juxtaposition of history and modernity. Value for money stands out as a distinctive issue.

% Association at a Global Level	Britain	Australia	France	Germany	Ireland	Italy	Spain	USA	*The revised base for
Is a place where I can explore history and heritage	57%	39%	59%	51%	54%	63%	37%	37%	each competitor now
There are vibrant towns and cities to explore	57%	51%	58%	52%	49%	61%	53%	53%	includes <u>only</u>
I can roam around visiting many types of places	56%	52%	57%	51%	55%	60%	51%	51%	considerers of each
Is a mixture of old and new	55%	38%	55%	49%	50%	58%	38%	38%	destination
Is good for seeing famous sites, places, ticking off the 'must do' list	55%	50%	59%	46%	46%	60%	51%	51%	Note, however,
It's easy to get around once there	53%	54%	49%	49%	40%	46%	46%	46%	different competitors
Offers a lot of different experiences in one destination	53%	52%	53%	46%	49%	56%	53%	53%	were shown to
Has an interesting mix of cultures from around the world	51%	47%	44%	39%	33%	41%	54%	54%	different markets
Is inclusive and accessible for visitors like me	50%	51%	47%	47%	48%	51%	51%	51%	(some with higher
It's easy to get to	48%	53%	51%	51%	40%	50%	40%	40%	positivity bias)
Is a welcoming place to visit	48%	52%	44%	44%	54%	56%	48%	48%	
Has a thriving arts and contemporary culture scene	47%	39%	55%	41%	35%	53%	40%	40%	
There is beautiful coast and countryside to explore	47%	61%	54%	32%	61%	61%	46%	46%	
There are interesting local people to meet	47%	50%	45%	43%	57%	54%	45%	45%	Legend:
It has surprising and unexpected experiences	44%	47%	45%	41%	49%	47%	45%	45%	Legena.
It has experiences I can't have anywhere else	44%	48%	47%	40%	51%	51%	46%	46%	1st rank
There is a good variety of food and drink to try	43%	48%	59%	44%	41%	65%	48%	48%	
Offers experiences I want to share on social media	42%	51%	46%	40%	41%	47%	48%	48%	2nd ronk
Is good to visit at any time of year	42%	54%	45%	41%	37%	52%	51%	51%	2nd rank
A good place for treating myself, e.g. premium brands, gourmet food, etc.	40%	43%	56%	36%	28%	55%	46%	46%	_
A place recommended by friends or family	39%	48%	40%	34%	36%	46%	42%	42%	3rd rank
Is good for relaxing, resting, recharging	38%	61%	48%	38%	47%	57%	41%	41%	
It offers the opportunity to travel sustainably/responsibly	38%	50%	38%	40%	36%	37%	41%	41%	Lowest rank
Offers good value for money	33%	51%	34%	37%	35%	43%	39%	39%	LOWESLIGHK
If I don't visit soon, I'd miss out	27%	33%	26%	24%	26%	29%	32%	32%	

E1. Below, are some statements which may relate to destinations you might consider for a break or holiday abroad.

Please indicate which destinations you associate with the following statements. You can choose as many or as few as you like for each statement or select 'none of these' if you don't think it applies to any destination.; Bases global weighting applied (IPS value). Base sizes considerers 21896 1386, 13216, 8036, 6077, 4766



Comparative strengths and weaknesses



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Combining Drivers and Perceptions How well does the perception of Britain deliver to the needs of international travellers in choosing a destination?

Mapping drivers against perceptions of Britain allows us to identify a global hierarchy of brand 'hooks'





Mapping drivers against perceptions of Britain allows us to identify a global hierarchy of brand 'hooks'



Drivers vs Perceptions of Britain Globally

The hierarchy of brand hooks explained



	Flex by Market	'BEST IN' FLEXES
	Additional Scope to Differentiate	UNIQUE & UNEXPECTED
	Seductive Warmth	INVITING WARMTH
	Strong Foundation	FREEDOM TO EXPERIENCE
	Achilles Heel	POOR VALUE FOR MONEY

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How do perceptions compare to the <u>experience</u> of visiting Britain? What can we learn from looking at how visitors perceive Britain versus considerers?

The perception of Britain with convenience, value for money, for any time of year and welcoming & inclusive are much stronger amongst visitors to Britain

Associations with Britain – (global)

Total global

Visitors to Britain

It's easy to get to It's easy to get around once there Offers good value for money Is good to visit at any time of year Is a welcoming place to visit A place recommended by friends or family Is inclusive and accessible for visitors like me Opportunity to travel sustainably / responsibly Has an interesting mix of cultures from around... Is good for relaxing, resting, recharging A good place for treating myself, e.g. premium... There is beautiful coast and countryside to... There are interesting local people to meet There is a good variety of food and drink to try I can roam around visiting many types of places Offers a lot of different experiences in one... Has a thriving arts and contemporary culture... Is a mixture of old and new It has surprising and unexpected experiences There are vibrant towns and cities to explore Offers experiences I want to share on social... Is a place where I can explore history and... If I don't visit soon. I'd miss out Is good for seeing famous sites, places, ticking... It has experiences I can't have anywhere else

) Dritain	
	54% 58% 38% 46% 54%
	43%
	42%
	55%
	41%
	43%
	50%
	50% 45%
	43%
	55%
	50%
	57%
	46%
	44%
	58%
	28%
	56%
	45%

	Considerers (Non-Visitors) D	ifference
/0	42%	11%
8%	49%	9%
	30%	8%
	39%	8%
6	48%	7%
	36%	7%
)	45%	6%
	36%	6%
%	49%	6%
	36%	5%
	38%	5%
	45%	5%
	45%	4%
	42%	4%
8%	54%	4%
%	51%	4%
	46%	4%
7%	54%	3%
	43%	3%
8%	55%	2%
	42%	2%
8%	57%	6 2%
	27%	2%
5%	54%	2%
	43%	2%

Where ease of getting to isn't that different between long and short haul markets!	Long haul	Short haul
It's easy to get to (visitors)	52%	56%
It's easy to get to (non visitors)	42%	44%
Gap	+10	+13

Suggested areas to leverage or perceptions to overcome are strongly linked to COMFORT – logistically easier than expected and emotionally warmer. Both are likely to be increasingly important in a post-pandemic world.

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Holiday types taken vary by region and segment, as does interest in different products and experiences.

When viewed in aggregate, these differences look quite subtle, but this is because tourists are **hungry for a combination of experiences** on an international holiday or break.

At the same time, the subtle differences in these patterns illustrates clear product development and marketing opportunities to captivate different traveller types.

This information can be **used as a proxy to estimate desire** for any combination of product experiences or offers by market or targeted segment.

Chapter Overview

There are subtle, but important nuances in terms of desired holiday types and products that fulfil them by both region and segment
We see different energies across regions when it comes to preference for different types of leisure breaks

The following chart illustrates the proportionate mix (by column) of holiday/vacation types by region and use this, in combination with other stated motivations to summarise implications later in this chapter. Within country, these differences are even stronger.



Mix (Column % Share) of Preferred Leisure Holiday/Break Types by Region

D1. There are many different types of *holidays and leisure breaks that people like to take.

Visiting family & friends

and adventures

challenging

off the 'must do' list

We have created a list of different types of holidays based on their overall mood and the motivations people have told us about

We would like you to imagine you have 100 points you can allocate across the different holiday types based on your preference when it comes to leisure breaks and holidays in the next two years.

Please allocate the 100 points across the different holiday types - the number at the bottom will automatically add so you can see how many points are left for you to allocate.

Very marginally, social and cultural activities are most distinctively sought when visiting Britain

The fact that these differences are, perhaps, smaller than anticipated, however, suggests that tourists desire a wide variety of products and experiences *independent* of their chosen destination.

DESIRED EXPERIENCES FOR TRIPS TO (Top 3 Box interest)	Britain	Abroad	DIFF
Experience coastal places and scenery	68%	70%	-2%
Explore local food and beverage specialties	68%	70%	-2%
Visit famous/iconic tourist attractions and places	65%	64%	1%
Explore history and heritage (historical sites, architecture)	64%	61%	2%
Visit parks and gardens	58%	56%	2%
Experience rural life and scenery	58%	58%	0%
Experience city life	58%	55%	3%
Enjoy outdoor walks, hiking or cycling	55%	56%	-1%
Visit famous shops or shopping streets/centres	54%	52%	2%
Visit museums or galleries	54%	51%	3%
Enjoy fine dining experiences	52%	52%	1%
Attend a cultural/historical exhibition or event	52%	49%	3%
Guided tours/day excursions	50%	48%	1%
Socialising with locals	49%	48%	1%
Visit zoos, aquariums, and wildlife parks	48%	50%	-2%
Self-driving tours	47%	47%	-1%
Experience pubs, bars and clubs	46%	43%	3%
Attend a live music festival/event	45%	44%	1%
Visit literary, music, film and TV locations	44%	41%	3%
Participate in action and adventure experiences	42%	42%	1%
Visit a winery (e.g. wine tasting/ vineyard tour)	42%	42%	0%
Visit theatre, opera, ballet or musicals	40%	37%	3%
Visit a brewery or distillery	40%	38%	1%
Attend a sporting event	36%	34%	2%
Participate in wellness activities such as yoga, etc.	32%	33%	-1%
Attend a learning course (cooking, language etc)	31%	31%	0%
Participate in sport (golf, football, etc.)	29%	29%	0%
Volunteering	25%	26%	0%

D2. Below, are a list of things you might like to do when taking a break or holiday abroad. Top 3 Box scores indicated on 10-point interest scale Please indicate how much you might like to do each on a break or holiday in Britain Please indicate how much you might like to do each on a break or holiday abroad Bases: Britain n=10.764; Abroad n10.767; global weighting applied

There are regional differences to note, however, which align to desired holiday patterns



D2. Correspondence map illustrating interest in activity types by region – relative differences mapped Arrows indicate regions or activities beyond the current perimeter of the map, showing direction of their placement

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Visitors to Britain are very similar to global tourists generally in terms of profile, with two interesting differences. They are more likely to be Buzzseekers and they are more likely to be 'uber-affluent' (based on subjective self-evaluation).

The vast majority of trips to Britain are taken with partners/spouses, although trips with children are more popular, particularly for Indian, Saudi Arabian and Emirati visitors.

Tourists from New Zealand and Australia enjoy by far the longest stays in Britain, (likely to get value from the long travel!), yet those from China, the Middle East and USA may be higher spenders.

Britain's visitors are still centred around England and London, so a huge opportunity remains to convert them to multi-country visits within Britain which has a significant impact on length of stay and revenue potential.

Trips to Britain are more likely to involve seeing the 'must see' sites and NOT relaxing and recharging which is currently a competitive weakness.

Chapter Overview

A slightly different traveller type with important market differences and an enormous opportunity to expand their geographic and economic footprint once in Britain



The profile of visitors to Britain in the past 5 years shows a higher proportion of Buzzseekers (a priority segment) and more affluent visitors than those visiting elsewhere



GENDER

	GB Visitors	Visitors Elsewhere
Male	51%	48%
Female	48%	51%
Other response*	<.5%	<.5%



GB Visitors Visitors Elsewhere

FINANCIAL SELF-ASSESSMENT:

		GB Visitors	Visitors Elsewhere
£	Constantly struggle to make ends meet, so can't always afford to do what we'd love to do	15%	15%
	Have a lot to cover with our income/savings, so an international trip requires a lot of saving and planning	27%	32%
V	Fortunate to be able to take breaks/holidays abroad with a bit of planning	42%	42%
££	Lucky to not have to worry about finances, so we are able to splash out on trips abroad as I/we wish	16%	12%

There are no differences when it comes to life-stage, LGBTQ+ identity or accessibility needs between Britain Visitors and those who are Visitors Elsewhere
The self assessment of affluence is used as income is not readily comparable across markets, nor is it a particularly good proxy for tourism spend.
Attracting a <mark>more affluent tourist</mark> is in-line with the low perceptions of Value for Money we have already observed.

A2. Please tell us how old you are

A3. Which of the following gender classifications best describes you? (*Other response includes "I prefer to be described in another way" and "Prefer not to say")

Blue = significantly higher than comparative cell @ 95% confidence J3 Which of the following best describes your current financial situation when it comes to things like taking leisure breaks or holidays like the ones we have been asking about today? Rad = significantly higher than comparative cell @ 95% confidence Segments based on section B as per global algorithm: Base sizes: GB Visitors n=8.497: Visitors Elsewhere n=9.662

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Travelling to Britain as a couple is most common, although visitors from Saudi, UAE, India and USA are most likely to visit with children

Travelling party on visits to Britain (%ages add to over 100% as multiple options are permitted)



As expected, the longest stays in Britain come from the long-haul markets, although travellers to other destinations beyond Britain do stay and additional night on average



Long-haul tourists visit multiple countries within Britain in the same trip. England is the most popular country across markets, but Scotland sees very high visitation from China, India and UAE where multi-country visits in Britain are more common

Visited a single country in GB	64%	82%	82%	92%	80%	71%	76%	68%	79%	86%	66%	72%	87%	74%	49%	53%	50%	52%	53%	43%	53%	34%	50%	47%	58%	68%	59%	43%
Visited multiple countries in GB	36%	17%	18%	7%	19%	28%	22%	31%	21%	13%	33%	28%	12%	24%	51%	46%	50%	48%	46%	57%	46%	65%	48%	53%	41%	30%	41%	57%

Countries Visited in Britain



F7a: Please tell us which of the following countries you visited during your trip to Britain? Base is Britain visitors; n=8,497 Blue highlights show extremely high and worthy of calling out separately

Adding within-Britain travel to one's trip can almost double the length of stay, delivering a strong accretive revenue opportunity

This pattern reinforces the size of the opportunity in converting visitors to explore beyond England.

Total Britain Visitors: Number of British Countries Visited and Length of Stay



London is clearly the most popular destination in England. Visitors from Indian (South Asia) visited more places across England with fewer travelling to London



Britain visits are significantly skewed towards seeing 'must do' sites and places, but NOT a relaxing break relative to other destinations





Higher *potential** spenders are more likely to come from Asia, the Middle East and USA. European travellers likely to be the lowest spenders (independent of their length of stay)

What type of tourist might you be if visiting Britain in the future

Average scores on 10-point scale (10 = Super premium, 1 = Budget)



AGENDA

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- **06** Emerging Drivers: Sustainability
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- Pulling It All Together



Sustainability is an emerging driver of importance in destination selection for international tourists and is most relevant to younger travellers.

As a topic, it is currently perceived quite generally, however, we anticipate this might evolve with time as its role in destination choice becomes more prominent.

It is interesting that, despite this scepticism, 9 in 10 travellers claim to have engaged in sustainable tourism behaviours, illustrating **strong emotional** engagement and positive endorsement.

Future intentions mirror past behaviour, suggesting we focus on reinforcing current behaviours around themes of localisation, nature, dispersion (geographic and seasonal) and preservation.

We see evidence of a stronger imprint in terms of perceptions of sustainability in Australia where these themes are being utilised.

Key barriers are consistent across markets and segments, all pointing to a need for **greater clarity, signalling and impact reinforcement** to overcome behavioural apathy.

Chapter Overview

An emerging driver of destination and product choice, particularly for younger travellers but requiring clarity, signalling and impact reinforcement

Currently, the term 'sustainable/responsible' tourism is interpreted very broadly

What does sustainable/responsible tourism mean to you? Top Ranked statements of those indicating they knew what it meant (93%)



Past behaviour mirrors intended future behaviour almost identically

Buying local when I can Using public transport or greener transport alternatives to reduce pollution Enjoying pristine, unpolluted natural environments Visiting places outside of peak season to lighten the load of over-tourism Visiting less well-known places/ attractions to avoid the adverse impacts of excessivetourism Choosing destinations that are truly committed to preserving natural and cultural heritage Buying sustainable/responsible food and beverage offers (organic, sustainably farmed, vegan, etc) Choosing options that allow me to 'live like a local' and have authentic experiences Future Behaviour Supporting tourism businesses that invest in local people and economies Staying in eco or environmentally-accredited accommodation, or using providers Past Behaviour dedicated to waste minimisation Choosing accommodation or services that showcase their green or waste reduction credentials Supporting tourism businesses that invest in sustainable technologies, energy and resources Research fully transparent information about the operations, sourcing and ethical practices of businesses I might be choosing from Choose a destination on the basis of its sustainable/responsible tourism credentials Making a sustainable/responsible tourism pledge Paying a fee/premium to offset carbon emissions of travel or accommodation Signing up to apps, clubs or services that help me make sustainable/responsible choices 0% 15% 20% 25% 30% 35% 40% 45%

Past vs Intended Future Sustainability Behaviour

Whilst there is a marginal difference between past and future intended behaviours (maximum of 4%) when it comes to tourists visiting Britain, 95% of these behaviours are represented by the same people.

In other words, whilst there is an appetite for more sustainable behaviour in the future, the

immediate opportunity lies in reinforcing and

enriching their

commitment, particularly given 92% of all tourists are already engaging in at least one of these behaviours.

But there are barriers that we need to address, particularly perceived cost which is consistent across markets

Top Ranked Barrier to Engaging in Sustainable Tourism Behaviour



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The role of word of mouth and buzz from friends and family fuels and inspires tourist behaviour, regardless of destination. Digital content from travel sites, social media and National Tourism Boards also stimulate and spark inspiration, along with the lure of securing bargain deals.

Compared to other destinations, travel inspiration for Britain is ignited more by sporting events and international movies or TV programmes.

In the deciding phase, **priced resources** (comparison sites, airline or tour deals) become increasingly influential.

Tourists travelling long haul are more likely to **book elements of their trip to Britain together as a package.** Similarly, we see different market disposition towards to package bookings.

Use of intermediaries such as **Travel Agents and Tour Operators remains high**, including offline interactions, with half of global tourists using their services for package booking. Their role is particularly strong in the deciding and booking phase, helping provide trust, best price and reassurance.

Airline partners are similarly more important in this phase, particularly in booking the travel-related elements and especially for long-haul markets.

Chapter Overview

A combination of resources and partnerships are used by tourists to inspire, decide and book their trips, including once they are on-the-ground in Britain

Let's break the journey down into 3 stages.... Inspiration, Deciding, Planning & Booking

Recommendations by friends and family are the most dominant inspiration for travel. Sporting events and international movies / TV programmes provide more inspiration for Britain visits than elsewhere

Sources of inspiration for last trip	Visited Britain	Visited elsewhere abroad	Diff between visits to Britain & visits elsewhere
Recommendations by friends and family	40%		42% -1
Travel websites or web pages found via search engines	34%	31%	+3
Social media - advice, recommendations or connections with friends & family	33%	30%	+3
Social media - travel bloggers, influencers or others sharing their experiences		27%	+4
Bargain deals on airfares or tours		26%	+3
Information, imagery or itineraries on the National Tourist Board Website of that country		24%	+3
Imagery, advertising or ideas through an online travel web site/agent		24%	+2
Photography, GIFS or videos on social media	25%	22%	+2
Photography, GIFS or videos on websites	23%	23%	-1
Books, newspapers or magazines	23%	18%	+5
Advice from accommodation providers on things to do and see	22%	19%	+3
International movies or television programmes/series	24%	17%	+7
Travel apps I can download on my mobile phone	21%	18%	+3
Advice from information centres in the destination I'm visiting	21%	18%	+3
Movies or television programmes/series with actors or directors from my home country	21%	16%	+5
Advertising campaigns I see online	20%	17%	+3
Sporting events, festivals or activities I hear or read about	22%	14%	+8
Music, concerts, tours I hear or read about	20%	15%	+5
Information on the Government website of that country	18%	16%	+2
Places my children see or hear about on kids' TV, movies or from friends at school	19%	15%	+4
Advertising campaigns I see on television or at the cinema	18%	14%	+4
Advertising campaigns I see on billboards, posters or outdoor advertising	18%	13%	+5
Podcasts & radio	10%	8%	+3
None of these	7%	9%	+2

11. Please select the main places/tools/sources which inspired you to consider the break or holiday in [DESTINATION]. Select all that apply. Base; Total Global N=22,840; Visited Britain; N=8,497; Visited Elsewhere Abroad N=9,662; global weighting applied to all Blue indicates that Visited Britain is statistically higher than Visited Elsewhere @ 95% confidence Note: rounding error may occur as percentage decimal places have been truncated

Inspiration to visit Britain also varies by region - triggered more by deals for European visitors, while social media inspires in Asia and the Middle East, and bargain airfare or tour deals spur Northern European visitors to consider

						RANK OR						
GLOBAL RANK	TOP SOURCES OF INSPIRATION TO VISIT BRITAIN	OCEANIA	NORTHERN EUROPE	CENTRAL EUROPE	WESTERN EUROPE	SOUTHERN EUROPE	NORTH AMERICA	SOUTH AMERICA	NORTH- EAST ASIA	South Asia	SOUTH- EAST ASIA	MIDDLE EAST
1	Recommendations by friends and family	1	2	1	1	1	2	5	6	6	4	3
2	Travel websites or web pages found via search engines	2	4	2	3	2	1	2	3	4	2	4
3	Social media - friends & family	3	3	5	4		3	3	2	2	3	1
4	Social media – travel bloggers, influencers experiences	5	5		5	6	5	1	1	1	1	2
5	Bargain deals on airfares or tours	4	1	3	2	3						
6	Information, imagery or itineraries on NTB website			6	5	4	4			3	5	5
	Imagery, advertising, ideas on online travel web site/agent					5	6	6	4			
	Photography, GIFS or videos on social media								5			
6, 0 6	International movies or television programmes/series							4				
il top n Top	Books, newspapers or magazines			4								
l global top 6, region Top 6	Accommodation providers advice on things to do and see											
Not in g but in r	Travel apps I can download on my mobile phone										6	6
Nc bu	Advice from information centres in Britain	6										
	Music, concerts, tours I hear or read about		6									
	Information on the Government website									5		

Intermediaries and digital sites play a strong role in the Inspiration phase of the journey – aggregator (price and review) sites have the greatest influence, with 60% of global tourists using more than one of these sources

The Inspiration Phase (Global):



I2: Thinking about what you would do at each stage, which of the following applies to the inspiration, deciding and planning stages? Multiple Response Base: Total Global N=22,840 Buzzseekers N=6, 677 Weighted.
Blue numbers are significantly higher than comparative base @ 95% confidence

Let's break the journey down into 3 stages.... Inspiration, Deciding, Planning & Booking

When it comes to the deciding phase, at a global level, we see the role of price comparison sites and airlines significantly increase, whilst the relevance of peer review sites diminishes somewhat

Comparing Use From Inspiration to Deciding Phases of the Customer Journey



I2: Thinking about what you would do at each stage, which of the following applies to the inspiration, deciding and planning stages? Multiple Response Base: Total Global N=22,840 Buzzseekers N=6, 677 Weighted.
Blue numbers are significantly higher than comparative base @ 95% confidence

Let's break the journey down into 3 stages.... Inspiration, Deciding, Planning & Booking

Around one-in-three booked as a package to Britain, with short-haul markets tending to book elements more independently

Tourists from the Americas and India are disproportionately to book as a package, with the Middle East also mirroring this tendency.

Booked elements	One package	Some together	All separately
Visited Britain	31%	33%	31%
Visited elsewhere	32%	30%	30%

Booked key elements of leisure break / holiday to Britain – by market



I3: And thinking about this break or holiday to Britain, which of the following is true when it came to booking the elements of your trip. Base; Visited Britain; N=8,497; Visited Elsewhere Abroad N=9,662; global weighting applied. Countries unweighted Circled numbers are statistically higher @ 95% confidence

Packages are mostly booked through travel agents/tour operators, with online marketplaces low but more common for Britain packages than other destinations and especially so for visitors from India

It is important to note the importance that offline Travel Agents continue to have within the booking phase.



Main place when booking as one <u>package</u> to Britain

- Online only Travel Agent or Tour Operator
- Travel Agent who offers advice/support through personal interaction
- Specialist Travel Agent or Tour Operator
- Price comparison site
- Online marketplace
- Directly with a travel provider such as an airline company

For the main markets that book as a package to Britain:

- Saudi Arabia less likely to personally interact with a travel agent (13%) and more likely to deal directly with an airline (17%) when booking a trip to Britain
- India visitors used online marketplaces (21%) more than any other place
- Brazilians relied heavily on travel agents (68%) and especially specialist operators (22%)
- UAE visitors turned to online travel agents (25%) and price comparison sites (23%)
- China employed specialist travel agents (21%)
- No unique differences for USA

Markets have different perceptions when it comes to the benefits of using travel agents



- The two most commonly perceived benefits of using a travel agent, delivering expert advice and customer service if problems arise, are strongly held for travellers from the Americas, Oceania, Israel, Belgium and Ireland
- Travelers from North-East Asia, Poland, Austria and Sweden had stronger beliefs that travel agents offered a more secure means of booking
- Those from UAE, Hong Kong and Saudi viewed travel agents strongly on offering competitive prices
- In India where travel agents are particularly popular, they are seen to deliver multiple benefits.

Europe has a lower tendency to use travel agents / tour operators to make travel and accommodation bookings

Difference in usage of intermediaries by region versus global average (statistically significant differences shown)

		SE Asia	South Asia	NE Asia	Middle East	South America	Oceania	North America	Central Europe	West'n Europe	Sth'n Europe	Nth'n Europe	
GS GS	NET: Travel agent / tour operator			+5	-4	+12	+4	-4		-6		+4	
BOOKINGS	Price comparison site					-4				-6		-5	• T
000	Directly with travel provider e.g. airline			-4		-6	+5		-4				S
	Online marketplace		+7				-5						b
6AG	Online only Travel Agent/Tour Operator						-6			-5		+7	а
PACKAGE	Travel Agent - shop or phone				-4	+7	+11		+5				fc
٩	Specialist Travel Agent/Tour Operator			+7					-6				10
S	NET: Travel agent / tour operator	+5	+19	+13	+4	+14	+7			-10	-4	-8	• \
ΰN	Price comparison site	+6	-6				-6				+5		te
BOOKINGS	Directly with travel provider e.g. airline	-6	-13	-6	-5	-11	+6	+5		+5	-7	+8	
BO	Online marketplace		+4	-4			-4				+7		а
/EL	Online only Travel Agent/Tour Operator	+8	+9	+6						-5			• A
TRAVEL I	Travel Agent - shop or phone		+7			+7	+11			-4		-4	а
-	Specialist Travel Agent/Tour Operator		+4	+5		+7			-4				0
S	NET: Travel agent / tour operator	+4	+21	+15		+12				-6		-11	• C
ŪNG	Price comparison site	+6	-6		+5		-4				+4		n
XQX	Directly with accommodation e.g. hotel	-5	-12	-7		-7		+5			-6	+6	a
ACCOMM BOOKINGS	Online marketplace			-5							+5		b
	Online only Travel Agent/Tour Operator	+7	+7	+8						-5		-4	
ACC	Travel Agent - shop or phone	-4	+8			+8	+6					-4	·
	Specialist Travel Agent/Tour Operator		+6	+5									

- Travel agents popular for tourists from South and North East Asia when booking travel and accommodation and across all three forms of bookings for South Americans
- While much of Europe has a lower tendency to use travel agents, Central Europeans do use traditional travel agents especially if booking a package
- Airlines and traditional travel agents are more prominent for those from **Oceania**
- Online only travel agents are used more across Asia for travel and accommodation, as opposed to booking directly with providers





For Visitors, London transport, tickets to attractions (including exhibitions) and trains are all frequently bought once tourists are in Britain

80%

76%

73%

69%

68%

60%

60%

59%

57%

54%

51%

50%

47%

Purchased by Visitors to Britain



Flights and airport transfers were most often prepurchased prior to the trip

- **European** visitors were generally less likely to purchase across all categories, although visitors from:
 - Poland had a greater tendency to buy tickets to food experiences (69%)
 - Spain were more likely to buy London • transport cards (87%) and airport transfers (78%)
 - Sweden generally bought flights for within the UK (84%)
- Oceania visitors were more likely to purchase train travel for within the UK (74%) and hire a car (53%)
- Visitors from Asia, Brazil and North America had a higher tendency to purchase across all activities / forms of transport

18: Did you buy the following when you visited Britain?

Base Total Visitors to Britain N=8,497. For countries no weighting applied

Blue numbers signify that bought during the visit is statistically higher than bought before visit @ 95% confidence; red numbers are significantly lower

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Demand is back for global tourism and Britain remains a priority destination, even for those who have recently visited.

Value for money has become the dominant driver and remains a perceptual weakness for Britain. We expect value to continue to increase in importance and tourists are looking for ways to mitigate financial risk in a post-pandemic environment.

Britain's strength as a destination choice lies in its (iconic) diversity of history and modernity in one, easy to navigate place. A brand framework is derived from the study, including identification of important regional flexes.

Visitors to Britain discover it to be easier, more affordable and more welcoming than perhaps expected – how can we leverage their experience more knowing the importance of WOM in the early phases of the tourism journey?

Emerging themes of wellbeing, sustainability and inclusivity are becoming a stronger priority, but each needs more work in terms of truly understanding what they could and should mean for British tourism. Adding to the current brand footprint, these elements will add warmth, surprise and uniqueness to our brand offer.

Within a wide array of inter-personal and digital sources, partners remain a key source of inspiration, information and trust throughout the stages of the tourism journey and package bookings remain particularly strong for some of our largest inbound markets.

In Summary

A great opportunity to reignite brand Britain across the tourism journey in ways that are sufficiently unexpected and smart in order to capture the hearts, minds and wallet of the global tourism market

Note: some points are covered in the full report which contains more analysis than we were able to share in this debrief!

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